

Package: dpkg (via r-universe)

November 5, 2024

Title Create, Stow, and Read Data Packages

Version 0.6.0.9000

Description Data frame, tibble, or tbl objects are converted to data package objects using specific metadata labels (name, version, title, homepage, description). A data package object ('dpkg') can be written to disk as a 'parquet' file or released to a 'GitHub' repository. Data package objects can be read into R from online repositories and downloaded files are cached locally across R sessions.

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Encoding UTF-8

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Suggests dplyr, geoarrow, gert, gh, sf, testthat (>= 3.0.0), usethis, withr

Config/testthat/edition 3

URL <https://github.com/cole-brokamp/dpkg>,

<https://cole-brokamp.github.io/dpkg/>

BugReports <https://github.com/cole-brokamp/dpkg/issues>

Imports arrow, cli, fs, glue, httr2, rlang, tibble

Config/pak/sysreqs cmake make libssl-dev

Repository <https://cole-brokamp.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/cole-brokamp/dpkg>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 8e1e115de43c09e56207008a4c286f695d53358f

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as_dpkg	<i>Use a data.frame and metadata to create a data package</i>
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Description

Convert a data frame into a data package (dpkg) by providing specific metadata in the arguments.

Usage

```
as_dpkg(
  x,
  name = deparse(substitute(x)),
  version = "0.0.0.9000",
  title = character(),
  homepage = character(),
  description = character()
)
```

Arguments

x	a tibble or data frame
name	a lowercase character string consisting of only a-z, 0-9, -, _, or . to be used as a data package identifier
version	a character string representing a semantic version (e.g., "0.2.1")
title	a character string that is a title of the data package for humans
homepage	a valid URL that links to a webpage with code or descriptions related to creation of the data package
description	a character string (markdown encouraged!) of more details about how the data was created, including the data sources, references to code or packages used, relevant details for any specific columns, and notes about (mis)usage of the data

Details

name should be specified, but if is not will be deparsed from code defining x; this might not result in a valid name (e.g., when piping code to create a data frame)

Value

a dpgk object

Examples

```
x <- as_dpkg(mtcars, name = "mtcars", title = "Motor Trend Road Car Tests")
attr(x, "description") <- "This is a data set all about characteristics of different cars"
attr(x, "homepage") <- "https://github.com/cole-brokamp/dpkg"
x
```

dpgk_gh_release	<i>Use a dpgk to create a github release</i>
-----------------	--

Description

The release will be tagged at the current commit and named according to the name and version of the dpgk. The GITHUB_PAT environment variable must be set and the working directory must be inside of a git repository with a GitHub remote. Trying to create more than one release from the current commit will result in an error.

Usage

```
dpgk_gh_release(x, draft = TRUE, generate_release_notes = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	a data package (dpgk) object
draft	logical; mark release as draft?
generate_release_notes	logical; include GitHub's auto-generated release notes below the description in the release body?

Value

the URL to the release (invisibly)

Examples

```
## Not run:
dpgk_gh_release(
  as_dpkg(mtcars,
    version = "0.0.0.9000", title = "Foofy Cars",
    homepage = "https://github.com/cole-brokamp/dpkg",
    description =
      paste("# Foofy Cars\n",
        "This is a test for the [dpgk](https://github.com/cole-brokamp/dpkg) package.",
        collapse = "\n"
      )
  )
```

```

    ),
    draft = FALSE
  )

## End(Not run)
#> created release at: https://github.com/cole-brokamp/dpkg/releases/tag/mtcars-v0.0.0.9000

```

dpkg_meta *get the metadata associated with a data package*

Description

get the metadata associated with a data package

Usage

```
dpkg_meta(x)
```

Arguments

x a dpkg object

Value

a list of metadata key value pairs

Examples

```

x <- as_dpkg(mtcars, name = "mtcars", title = "Motor Trend Road Car Tests")
attr(x, "description") <- "This is a data set all about characteristics of different cars"
attr(x, "homepage") <- "https://github.com/cole-brokamp/dpkg"
x

dpkg_meta(x)

```

read_dpkg_metadata *read (meta)data from dpkg on disk*

Description

read (meta)data from dpkg on disk

Usage

```
read_dpkg_metadata(x)
```

```
read_dpkg(x)
```

Arguments

x path to data package (.parquet file) on disk

Value

for read_dpkg(), a dpkg object; for read_dpkg_metadata(), a list of metadata

Examples

```
d <- as_dpkg(mtcars, version = "0.1.0", title = "Motor Trend Road Car Tests")
attr(d, "description") <- "This is a data set all about characteristics of different cars"
attr(d, "homepage") <- "https://github.com/cole-brokamp/dpkg"

write_dpkg(d, dir = tempdir()) |>
  read_dpkg()

# geo objects are supported via the `geoarrow_vctr` in the geoarrow package
library(geoarrow)
sf::read_sf(system.file("gpkg/nc.gpkg", package = "sf")) |>
  as_dpkg(name = "nc_data") |>
  write_dpkg(tempdir())
d <- read_dpkg(fs::path_temp("nc_data-v0.0.0.9000.parquet"))
d

# as a simple features collection
d$geom <- sf::st_as_sfc(d$geom)
sf::st_as_sf(d)

# read just the metadata
read_dpkg_metadata(fs::path_temp("nc_data-v0.0.0.9000.parquet"))
```

stow_gh_release *download a github release asset to the stow R user directory*

Description

Use stow to abstract away the process of downloading a file or a GitHub release asset to a user's data directory, only downloading files that have not already been downloaded.

Usage

```
stow_gh_release(owner, repo, dpkg, overwrite = FALSE)
```

```
stow(uri, overwrite = FALSE)
```

```
stow_url(url, overwrite = FALSE)
```

Arguments

owner	string of repo owner
repo	string of repo name
dpkg	string of gh release tag (will be the same as the filename without the .parquet extension)
overwrite	logical; re-download the remote file even though a local file with the same name exists?
uri	character string universal resource identifier; currently, must begin with <code>http://</code> , <code>https://</code> , or <code>gh://</code>
url	a URL string starting with <code>http://</code> or <code>https://</code>

Details

Supported URI prefixes include:

- `https://`, `http://`: download from a file
- `gh://`: download a github release asset, formatted as `gh://owner/repo/name`

Stow downloads files to the users data directory; see `?tools::R_user_dir`. Specify an alternative download location by setting the `R_USER_DATA_DIR` environment variable. The stow cache works by name only; that is, if a file with the same URI has already been downloaded once, it will not be re-downloaded again (unless `overwrite = TRUE`).

Value

path to the stowed file or url to github release

Examples

```
Sys.setenv(R_USER_DATA_DIR = tempfile("stow"))
# get by using URL
stow("https://github.com/geomarker-io/appc/releases/download/v0.1.0/nei_2020.rds",
     overwrite = TRUE) |>
  readRDS()

# will be faster (even in later R sessions) next time
stow("https://github.com/geomarker-io/appc/releases/download/v0.1.0/nei_2020.rds") |>
  readRDS()

# get a data package from a GitHub release
stow("gh://cole-brokamp/dpkg/mtcars-v0.0.0.9000", overwrite = TRUE) |>
  arrow::read_parquet()

stow("gh://cole-brokamp/dpkg/mtcars-v0.0.0.9000") |>
  arrow::read_parquet()
```

stow_info	<i>get info about stowed files</i>
-----------	------------------------------------

Description

get info about stowed files
get the path to a stowed file (or the stow directory)
test if a stowed file (or the stow directory) exists
get the size of a stowed file
remove a stowed file (or the stow entire directory)

Usage

```
stow_info(filename = NULL)
stow_path(filename = NULL)
stow_exists(filename = NULL)
stow_size(filename = NULL)
stow_remove(filename = NULL, .delete_stow_dir_confirm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

filename character filename of stowed file; if NULL, then information about *all* stowed files or the directory where files are stowed is returned
.delete_stow_dir_confirm set to TRUE in order to delete the entire stow directory without interactive user confirmation

Value

for stow_info(), a tibble of file or folder information; for stow_path(), a character path to the stowed file or stow directory; for stow_exists(), a logical; for stow_size(), a fs::

Examples

```
Sys.setenv(R_USER_DATA_DIR = tempfile("stow"))
stow_path()
stow("https://github.com/geomarker-io/appc/releases/download/v0.1.0/nei_2020.rds")
stow_path("nei_2020.rds")
```

```

stow_exists("nei_2020.rds")

stow_size("nei_2020.rds")

stow("https://github.com/geomarker-io/appc/releases/download/v0.1.0/nei_2017.rds")

stow_info("nei_2017.rds")

stow_info()

stow_size()

stow_remove(.delete_stow_dir_confirm = TRUE)

```

```
use_dpkg_badge
```

```
Use a markdown badge for a dpkg's latest github release
```

Description

The badge relies on shields.io for the images, which will always display to the most recently released version and will link to the releases specific to the dpkg name.

Usage

```
use_dpkg_badge(x)
```

Arguments

x a data package (dpkg) object

Details

Note that this relies on the structure of the release created with `dpkg_gh_release()`, but relies on a dpkg object *before* it is released. This will lead to broken release badges and links until an initial dpkg release is created with `dpkg_gh_release()`.

Value

character string of markdown

Examples

```

## Not run:
as_dpkg(mtcars,
  version = "0.0.0.9000", title = "Foofy Cars",
  homepage = "https://github.com/cole-brokamp/dpkg",
  description =
    paste("# Foofy Cars\n",
      "This is a test for the [dpkg](https://github.com/cole-brokamp/dpkg) package.",

```



```
        collapse = "\n"
    )
) |>
  use_dpkg_badge()

## End(Not run)
```

write_dpkg

write dpkg to disk

Description

write dpkg to disk

Usage

```
write_dpkg(x, dir)
```

Arguments

x a data package (dpkg) object
dir path to directory where dpkg parquet file will be written

Value

path to the written file, invisibly

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